## Extracellular Matrix-Based Collagen Dressings for Scalp Repair Following Mohs Micrographic Surgery

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## PRACTICE POINTS

- Patients who undergo Mohs micrographic surgery on the scalp are prone to developing complications such as infection, wound dehiscence, and partial or fullthickness skin graft necrosis.
- Use of extracellular matrix-based dressings may assist with deep wound healing on the scalp.

## To the Editor:

Squamous cell carcinoma (SCC) is the second most common cancer of the scalp.¹ Mohs micrographic surgery is used to treat SCC, and it commonly generates a 2.5×2.5-cm open wound with exposed bone.² Although Mohs micrographic surgery effectively treats cutaneous lesions, it carries a high risk for complications such as infection, wound dehiscence, and partial or full-thickness skin graft necrosis.³ Recommended therapies to decrease these complications include linear closures, flaps, and peripheral autograft tissue.⁴ However, these procedures do not come without risks and carry their own complications. Therefore, we suggest a safe, less-invasive initial approach using a synthetic extracellular matrix (ECM)–based collagen dressing for secondary wound closure.

A 76-year-old woman presented to the infectious disease clinic at Monument Health Rapid City Clinic (Rapid City, South Dakota) for evaluation of a dehisced scalp wound 3 months following Mohs micrographic surgery for scalp SCC. The wound underwent primary closure





**FIGURE 1.** A, Initial presentation of a chronic wound with dehiscence on the scalp following Mohs micrographic surgery. B, The wound was debrided.

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The authors report no conflict of interest.

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following surgery and dehisced shortly after (Figure 1A). Various oral antimicrobials were used by the dermatologist to assist with wound closure but without success. The patient was referred to the wound clinic for management. At the first appointment, all necrotic tissue was debrided and the cranium was exposed in the wound base (Figure 1B). The wound measured 2.3×2.3×0.2 cm. An ECM-containing collagen dressing (Endoform Natural Restorative Bioscaffold [Aroa Biosurgery Inc]) was used to provide a scaffold for wound closure (Figure 2A). It was dressed with the petroleum-based gauze Xeroform (Cardinal Health) and covered with dry gauze to prevent evaporation and provide moist wound healing. The wound developed some budding tissue islands 3 weeks after weekly ECM-based collagen dressing applications (Figure 3A). The wound continued to decrease in size and formed an isthmus by the second month of therapy (Figure 3B). The wound fully closed within 3 months and showed minimal scarring after 3 years (Figure 2B).

Chronic wounds usually get trapped in the inflammatory stage of wound healing due to destruction of growth factors and ECM by metalloproteases (MMPs), which creates a vicious cycle and wound stalling. Wound debridement converts a chronic wound back into an acute wound, which is the first step of healing. Following wound debridement, collagen-based dressings can assist with healing by binding the destructive MMPs, and ECM matrix promotes the building of new tissue. The 3 most commonly used ECM-based collagen dressings are Endoform, PuraPly AM (Organogenesis Inc), and Puracol Ultra ECM (Medline Industries, Inc).

Endoform is ovine-based collagen and provides a natural porous bioscaffold for rapid cell infiltration.<sup>5</sup> It contains more than 150 ECM proteins along with residual vascular channels that help re-establish new vasculature. Ovine-based collagen contains collagen types I, III, and IV arranged as native fibers that retain the 3-dimensional architecture present in tissue ECM.<sup>5</sup> Although MMPs are essential in normal healing, the elevated presence of MMPs has been linked to stalled wound healing. Clinical observation and assessment may not be sufficient to identify a wound with elevated protease activity that can break





**FIGURE 2.** A, An extracellular matrix-based collagen dressing (Endoform Natural Restorative Bioscaffold [Aroa Biosurgery Inc]) was applied to the wound. B, The wound showed minimal scarring 3 years after closure.





FIGURE 3. A, Budding tissue islands developed on a scalp wound 3 weeks after application of an extracellular matrix–based collagen dressing (Endoform Natural Restorative Bioscaffold [Aroa Biosurgery Inc]). B, An isthmus developed 7 weeks after application of Endoform.

down ECM, affect wound fibroblasts, and impair growth factor response. Although collagen ECM itself does not contain any growth factors, it preserves the destruction of native ECM and growth factors by MMPs by functioning as a sacrificial substrate. The addition of 0.3% ionic silver to the ECM has been shown to decrease bacterial growth and prevent biofilm formation.<sup>6</sup>

PuraPly AM is a native, type I porcine collagen matrix embedded with the polyhexamethylene biguanide for the management of chronic wounds. The addition of polyhexamethylene biguanide to the ECM matrix provides bactericidal activity against biofilm formation. PuraPly AM reduced the counts of biofilm-producing pathogens such as Staphylococcus aureus, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Escherichia coli, Candida species, and Aspergillus niger in nonclinical studies. Use of polyhexamethylene biguanide has been seen within ECM grafts (PuraPly AM).

Puracol Ultra ECM is made of porcine mesothelium and is comprised of types I, III, and IV collagens; elastin; fibronectin; laminin; and proteoglycans. It also contains fibroblast growth factors, contributing to angiogenesis in the wound.<sup>9</sup>

Application of ECM-based collagen dressings on debrided wounds requires moisture for absorption. Because cranium wounds lack sufficient exudate production, dermal templates need to be hydrated with sterile normal saline before application and covered with a moisture-retaining dressing. Extracellular matrix—based dressings are biodegradable and can be reapplied every 5 to 7 days. For chronic wounds, application of collagen dressings, such as Endoform, is essential and could be considered as the first step prior to switching to more

advanced wound care modalities.<sup>6,10</sup> Additional studies investigating ECM-containing may determine their comparative efficacy.

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