

TABLE 1

Randomized trials of anti-EGFR antibodies in advanced colorectal cancer: second line and beyond <sup>a</sup>

Study	Total number of patients	Treatment regimen	Study population as a whole			<i>KRAS</i> wild-type population		
			RR	PFS	OS, mo	RR	PFS	OS, mo
<b>Cetuximab</b>								
Cunningham et al <sup>15</sup>	329	Cetuximab	11%	1.5 mo	6.9	—	—	—
		Irinotecan-cetuximab	23%	4.1 mo	8.6	—	—	—
Jonker et al <sup>16</sup> ; Karapetis et al <sup>17</sup>	572	Best supportive care	0%	—	4.6	0%	1.9 mo	4.8
		Cetuximab	8%	—	6.1	13%	3.7 mo	9.5
Sobrero et al <sup>18</sup>	1,298	Irinotecan	4%	2.6 mo	10.0	—	—	—
		Irinotecan-cetuximab	16%	4.0 mo	10.7	—	—	—
<b>Panitumumab</b>								
Van Cutsem et al <sup>31</sup> ;	463	Best supportive care	0%	7.3 wk	—	0%	7.3 wk	7.6
		Panitumumab	10%	8.0 wk	—	17%	12.3 wk	8.1
Amado et al <sup>32</sup>	1,186	FOLFIRI	—	—	—	10%	3.9 mo	12.5
		FOLFIRI-panitumumab	—	—	—	35%	5.9 mo	14.5

EGFR = epidermal growth factor receptor; RR = response rate; PFS = progression-free survival; OS = overall survival; FOLFIRI = folinic acid, 5-fluorouracil, irinotecan

<sup>a</sup>Excluding bevacizumab-containing trials