Pediatric News

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Big Changes in AAP Car Safety Guidelines

AAP policy is not binding, but states use it in crafting child safety seat laws.

BY JANE ANDERSON

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FROM PEDIATRICS

◀he American Academy of Pediatrics, citing a substantial increase in scientific evidence backing best practices for child passenger safety, is recommending changes in child car seat use that include keeping most infants and toddlers in rear-facing safety seats until they reach age 2 years, according to a new policy statement.

The new guidelines also recommend forward-facing car safety seats for most children until they outgrow the weight or height limits on those seats; belt-positioning booster seats for most children through age 8 years or well beyond; and lap-and-shoulder belts for all those children who have outgrown booster seats. In addition, the policy statement recommends that all children ride in the back seat of vehicles through age 12 years (Pediatrics 2011:127:788-93).

Although the AAP policy recommendations are not binding, states use them in crafting and revising child safety seat laws, said Dr. Benjamin Hoffman, an expert in child passenger safety and associate



Instead of making the switch to a lower level of protection as soon as they're legally able, parents should keep their children in safety seats until they outgrow the weight and height limits.

professor of pediatrics at the University of New Mexico, Albuquerque. Previous academy recommendations regarding the use of booster seats prompted many states to enact laws requiring booster seats for older

children, which has improved safety dramatically, he said.

"The best way to get people to use child safety seats appropriately is to have state laws requiring their use,"

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Asthmatic Children Are at High H1N1 Risk

Asthma symptoms were more severe.

BY DOUG BRUNK

FROM THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF ALLERGY, ASTHMA, AND IMMUNOLOGY

SAN FRANCISCO – During 2009's peak influenza season, children with asthma were nearly twice as likely to be infected with the novel H1N1 influenza virus compared with other viruses, results from a prospective singlecenter study demonstrated.

In addition, H1N1 influenza infection caused increased severity of both cold and asthma symptoms compared with other infections.

Although reasons for the association remain unclear, "this really proves that asthmatics need to be vaccinated for the flu, because we can see that they're more susceptible to be infected when they're exposed, and they're more susceptible to have loss of asthma control when they get it," lead investigator Dr. Kirsten M. Kloepfer said in an interview during a poster session at the meeting.

Dr. Kloepfer, a fellow in allergy and clinical immunology at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, and her associates evaluated 161 children aged 4-12 years who provided at least six of eight consecutive weekly nasal samples between Sept. 5 and Oct. 24, 2009. The children also submitted daily cold symptom diaries, and when applicable, asthma symptom diaries including frequency albuterol use and daily peak flow. The researchers used reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction testing to evaluate the nasal specimens.

Of these 161 children, 94 had asthma and 67 did not. Their mean age was 9 years, and 60% were male.

Dr. Kloepfer reported that the incidence of H1N1 influenza infection was 39% in

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The American Academy of Pediatrics endorses the new rabies vaccine schedule. 4

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BY DOUG BRUNK

FROM THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF ALLERGY. ASTHMA, AND IMMUNOLOGY

SAN FRANCISCO - Lung function alone is a poor marker of asthma control in children, results from a large retrospective analysis demonstrated.

"Physicians should use all components of the 2007 National Asthma Education and Prevention Program Expert Report 3 guidelines, asking questions to patients not only about daytime and nighttime symptoms, but doing lung function testing as well," Dr. Edward K. Hu advised during a poster session at the meeting.

"Even [among] those patients who are enrolled in a disease management program, there is still going to be a large minority who are going to be uncontrolled in one way or another, despite follow-up visits and seeing asthma specialists," the allergist advised.

Dr. Hu, a fellow in the division of allergy and immunology at the Los Angeles County/University of Southern California Medical Center, Los Angeles, and his associates studied 453 children aged 5-18 years who were enrolled in an asthma management program in Los Angeles County in 2009 and who made

a total of 886 follow-up visits.

Initial analysis defined asthma control based solely on lung function.

Secondary analysis included all components of asthma control based on the 2007 National Asthma Education and Prevention Program Expert Report 3, which included impairment and risk.

Of the 453 children, 61% were male and 83% were Hispanic.

At baseline more than one-quarter of pediatric patients (29%) had intermittent disease, 21% had mild persistent disease, 25% had moderate persistent disease, and 25% had severe persistent disease.

Dr. Hu reported that when lung function alone was used, 17% of children exhibited asthma that was not well controlled, and 5% exhibited asthma that was poorly controlled.

Inclusion of impairment and risk resulted in a downgrade of asthma control in an additional 22% of children,

The researchers at the Los Angeles County/USC Medical Center also found that males, aged 8-11 years, were significantly more likely than their female counterparts to present with normal lung function and uncontrolled disease due to other factors (24% vs. 15%).

Dr. Hu said that he had no relevant financial disclosures.

Rationale for Flu Vaccination

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asthmatics and 25% in nonasthmatics, a difference that was not statistically significant, with an odds ratio of 1.9 (P = .06).

However, after adjustment for race, sex, and allergic sensitization, the difference became statistically significant, increasing to an OR of 3.5 (*P* less than .002).

The incidence of human rhinovirus was statistically similar between the two groups (89% in asthmatics vs. 93% in nonasthmatics), as was the incidence of other viral infections (37% vs. 42%).

Both asthmatics and nonasthmatics reported significant increases in moderate and severe cold symptoms with H1N1, compared with human rhinovirus (63% vs. 28%).

Also, a significantly higher proportion of moderate to severe asthma severity was observed in patients infected with H1N1 influenza, compared with those infected with human rhinovirus (48% vs. 23%). This association held true for severe asthma symptoms as well (19% vs.

Dr. Kloepfer acknowledged certain limitations of the study, including its single-center design, the fact that it included only children aged 4-12 years, and the fact that it lasted only 8 weeks.

The study was supported by grants from the National Institutes of Health.

Dr. Kloepfer said that she had no other relevant financial disclosures.

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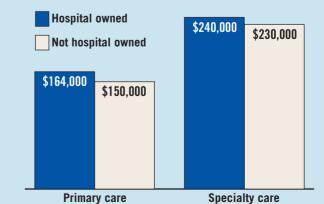
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