ERRATUM

A photo in the article "Tuberculosis testing: Which patients, which test?" (*J Fam Pract.* 2015;64:553-557,563-565) incorrectly depicted how the induration that arises from a tuberculin skin test should be measured. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (http:// www.cdc.gov/tb/publications/factsheets/testing/

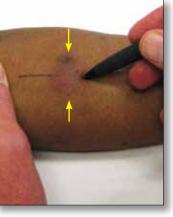
skintesting.htm), the induration should be measured across the forearm, perpendicular to the long axis (elbow to wrist), as indicated by the yellow arrows above.

I will click those boxes, but first, I will care for my patient

I am a member of a large primary care group certified as a level 3 patient-centered medical home; we are in the midst of certifying for Meaningful Use Stage 2. Recently, my first patient of the day was a 65-year-old widowed man who used tobacco, had diabetes, hypertension, and elevated lipid levels, and hadn't seen me in 2 years. He came in for a Medicare Advantage comprehensive physical examination.

To meet all Meaningful Use Stage 2 expectations during his physical exam, I had to:

- check the box to document discussion of body mass index (his was 26 kg/m²),
- check the box for functional status assessment,
- check the box to indicate that his blood pressure was under 140/90 mm Hg (the threshold for a previously diagnosed hypertensive patient),
- generate annual care guides for the "clinically important conditions" of hypertension with diabetes, tobacco use, and hyperlipidemia,
- review the quality information stoplight for lab tests to be ordered,
- remind the patient to complete his annual eye examination,
- identify hierarchical categorical coding to maximize the accurate morbidity determination of my patient and,



therefore, funding for our medical group,

• click on the code for annual prostate examination screening,

• click on the code to bill for tobacco cessation counseling, and

• generate a visit summary.

Naturally, all of this was in addition to giving my patient my full, undivided attention, providing him with the opportunity to express

his concerns, and then pursuing a careful examination of his health problems.

Documentation expectations, coding, billing, and the like degrade the clinicianpatient relationship, and I'm not going to redirect my attention away from the patient's concerns and toward these activities. I will continue to listen and respect what my patients have to say and engage with them, and *not* my keyboard. I will strive to identify and meet their health needs.

Click the boxes? Yes, I will click all the right boxes; my livelihood and my medical group's future success depend on that. But how much congruence will there be between what I "click" and what I "do"? Well ...

We are challenged by good intentions but crushingly poor execution—and it's taking its toll.

H. Andrew Selinger, MD Bristol, Conn

WE WANT TO HEAR FROM YOU!

Have a comment on an article, editorial, or department? You can send it by:

- 1. E-MAIL: jfp.eic@gmail.com
- 2. FAX: 973-206-9251 or
- 3. MAIL: The Journal of Family Practice, 7 Century Drive, Suite 302, Parsippany, NJ 07054



LETTERS SHOULD BE 200 WORDS OR LESS. THEY WILL BE EDITED PRIOR TO PUBLICATION.

How much congruence will there be between what I "click" and what I "do"? Well ...